



FrontLine Employee

Wellness, Productivity, and You!

Quest Employee Assistance Program

Build Your Physiological Reserve to Survive Illness

Physiological reserve is your body's ability to tolerate and recover from stress, illness, and injury. The concept becomes increasingly important with age. Although many people focus on preventive care, immunizations, avoiding colds and flu, or preventing pneumonia, it is often low physiological reserve that places them at risk for poor outcomes, including death. Treating an illness with antibiotics, for example, addresses only part of the problem. Even if treatment is successful, the body must still clear infection and inflammation and repair damaged tissue. Someone with a low physiological reserve may not have enough capacity to recover and survive. Do you or someone you care for have enough reserve to fight a serious illness? Building muscle mass, improving cardiovascular and pulmonary capacity, maintaining good nutrition, strengthening immune function, preserving mobility, preventing deconditioning, and supporting mental health all contribute to physiological reserve. Small, consistent gains—not exceptional performance—can significantly improve survival from illnesses that otherwise carry high risk of fatality.

Learn more: [pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10012993](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC10012993)



What a Food Diary Can Do

Millions diet annually, yet most skip the one tool proven to double weight loss—a food diary. A food diary exposes hidden eating patterns and boosts accountability. Although nearly every dieter is told to track intake as a critical part of weight loss, studies show only about 30% do. Without a diary, you underestimate intake by 20% to 50%, miss emotional triggers causing stress eating, and overlook portion creep. Here's the real magic: Using a food diary creates awareness that the true power for motivation and dieting success comes not from willpower but from insight.

Learn more: www.health.harvard.edu/blog/why-keep-a-food-diary-2019013115855



Make Distractibility a Valuable Trait

Being easily distracted is rarely viewed as a positive workplace trait. However, there can be an upside when distractions consistently lead to creative ideas, new opportunities, or breakthroughs. If your thoughts tend to jump around, don't be too quick to label that a flaw. This pattern is known as productive distractibility. If mental wandering has produced some of your best insights, it may be an asset—especially if you manage it with practical strategies. 1) Jot down sudden insights as your mind wanders so you can return to essential work and revisit ideas later. 2) Schedule brief pauses and step away. Your mind often continues solving problems and generates insights even when you're away from your desk. 3) Create a “captured insight” folder and review ideas periodically to identify those that are worth developing.

Learn more: pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22941876/



Are You an Enabler but Don't Know It?

Common in alcoholic relationships, enabling also occurs at work, but the cost to employers is financial. Are you a workplace enabler without realizing it? Enablers often have strengths—they tend to be loyal and empathetic, love their jobs, prioritize harmony, and are compassionate and optimistic. With all this positivity, what could go wrong? Motivated by a need to be needed, avoid conflict, and preserve emotional stability—often learned early—enablers may cover missed deadlines, fix recurring mistakes, take on extra work, excuse poor performance, or shield coworkers from feedback. These behaviors can build crisis, letting problems grow until they erupt and disrupt the workplace. Breaking enabling patterns is challenging, but the employee assistance program can help employees recognize them. Contact the EAP to learn more.



When Everything Feels Uncertain

It's normal to feel on edge working in almost any industry these days. Why? Ongoing economic uncertainty, fear of layoffs, artificial intelligence-driven change, and heavy workloads are major stressors, with up to 65% of workers citing job insecurity as a key source of anxiety. There is no magic fix, but proven coping strategies can reduce anxiety, burnout, and harm to well-being. The following strategies build on each other. Test them and see if they make a positive difference.

- 1) Recognize what you're feeling and verbalize it. Say, "I'm feeling anxious about my job." This breaks avoidance and denial patterns, lowering emotional intensity and facilitating calmer thinking.
- 2) Act on what you can control. You can't predict employer decisions, but you can start a \$20-a-week emergency fund, update a résumé, or learn a new skill. Small actions restore a sense of control.
- 3) Do the basics: sleep, exercise, get good nutrition and hydration, and use stress-management skills.
- 4) Lighten the emotional load by talking with people who offer empathetic listening rather than advice. Healing comes from being heard.
- 5) If worry overwhelms you, write your concerns down, even at night. This offloading through expressive writing calms the mind and limits catastrophizing.
- 6) Be proactive to avoid helplessness. Counter it by updating skills, networking, researching, and building connections.



Mental health statistics for 2026: growtherapy.com/blog/workplace-mental-health-statistics/

Exercise Programs: The Hardest Part Is Starting

Getting motivated for a daily walk can feel impossible at first, but once you complete the first day, the second usually feels easier. That first step is often the biggest hurdle. Here's how to keep going. Find compelling reasons to persist that overcome the desire to slack off.

- 1) Identify the win in getting started; 2) notice positives on your walk —enjoy surroundings, processing thoughts and problems; and 3) use exercise to fill otherwise empty time before a scheduled commitment, building momentum with rewards, because momentum and a sense of accomplishment make follow-through easier.
- The weak slack-off day often appears early, when the mind struggles between urgency and ought-to, feeling the task necessary but unrewarding. By reframing walking as enjoyable and useful, each step becomes a small victory, reinforcing consistency and turning a challenging habit into a rewarding, sustainable part of your routine.



Overcome a Short-Form Video Addiction Loop

What's the mental impact on and cost to your employer for your bingeing on trivial, online, short videos that consume your time and attention? This activity is called brain rot. Brain rot hooks you into a constant loop of low-value, fast-paced content that captures attention while quietly consuming time that could be used better. Over time, brain rot increases mental fatigue, making sustained thinking harder and reducing productivity. One study found 40 to 45 minutes of non-work social media drained roughly 9% to 10% of daily productivity. For employers, the cost includes slower task completion, more errors, and reduced creativity. To break the habit, 1) replace short-form viewing with a walk, stretching, or an activity that restores attention; 2) notice how refreshed and focused you feel afterward; 3) use website blockers requiring a password to access distracting sites; and 4) set firm limits on short-form content—or save it for after work to protect energy during the day.



Learn more: cake.com/blog/brain-rot-hinders-productivity-performance/

Stress Tips from the Field:

Find the Very Next Step

Stress often spikes when the brain tries to solve an entire problem at once. Imagine being asked to explain a severe sales shortfall with no clear place to start. Anxiety surges as you worry where to begin, how you'll be judged, or about potential job repercussions. Stress Tip: Focus only on the very next step. That step may not involve writing—it could be deciding to sit in a quiet library tomorrow at 9 a.m. to begin. Isolating the next step of any complex problem gives the mind clarity and direction, often causing stress to drop. Once you have a starting point, ideas surface naturally and momentum builds, making the problem easier to solve. Next time feeling overwhelmed hits, take a breath, name your next step, and act.

